

NO ONE PLEASED.

The Senate's Changes in the Tariff Bill,

Seem to Make No One Thoroughly Glad.

BOTH SIDES ARE MUM.

Most Senators Do Not Want to Talk.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The proceedings of the senate committee on finance were in the main informal yesterday. Saturday next at 10:30 a.m. was set for the next meeting when the Republicans, having had an opportunity to examine the details of the bill, will probably be able to say what they will require. It is considered probable that they will ask for an entire week after the next meeting day, and possibly more. The Democratic members say that whatever delay may occur hereafter will be chargeable to the Republicans, and they must assume the responsibility.

Senator Jones, of Arkansas, chairman of the tariff sub-committee, was of the opinion it would be shown that the bill would produce revenue of about \$470,000,000 or \$480,000,000 without taking into account the increased amount which would be the result of the reduction in the tariff rates made by the bill.

Senator Coffey, who, with his colleague Senator White, has led the fight for the sugar duty, expressed himself satisfied in a moderate degree with the action of the committee. He said that the duty provided for was equivalent to about 14 cents per pound on raw sugar.

"You will support the bill, will you not, senator?" was asked, to which he replied:

"I should prefer not to answer that question at this time."

Senator Smith, of New Jersey, did not care to say much about the bill. He had not examined it closely and could say but little. In answer to a direct question about the sugar schedule, he said the refining interests were not satisfied.

Senator Hill declined to say anything on the bill until he made his speech.

Senator Gorman said he had not examined the bill and only knew a few changes. "We can not say much about the bill," he added, "until we ascertain what has been done."

Senator Allison, Republican member of the finance committee, said they had no opportunity to examine the bill so as to make any comment upon it. The Republicans, as a rule, declined to express any opinion for the same reason. The Populist Senators are also reticent, saying they have been more interested in the silver debate than in the tariff bill.

Senator Kyle, of South Dakota, assumed the defense of the provision in the bill which imposed a tax of 10 per cent on all sugar imported with him, and said it would probably be stricken out, as there were enough Democratic senators to vote with the Republicans to carry such an amendment. Pacific coast senators generally expressed themselves against this feature of the bill because so many people of the coast have large investments in Hawaiian sugar plantations and the commerce of the coast has been greatly aided by this sugar industry.

Representative Breckinridge, Democrat of Arkansas, who acted as a Lieutenant of Mr. Wilson in constructing and urging the Wilson bill, said: "I have only been able to glance at the bill, and of course I am not prepared to speak fully as to its merits."

Ex-Speaker Reed, the Republican head of the ways and means committee, said: "The bill is much worse than when it left the Senate, and it is much more important for the interest of the country that it should be beaten."

Mr. Springer chairman of the ways and means committee of the last house, is much displeased at the action of the committee restoring duty on wool.

The Louisiana representatives did not share in the general opinion that the sugar interests had secured exceptional concessions by the senate tariff bill.

Representative Bries, who represents the largest sugar district in Louisiana, or in the United States, said: "We would have preferred a duty of 15 cents instead of the amount allowed by the Senate bill. It is, of course, better than the treatment we received in the house bill, but I can hardly say we are satisfied, much less pleased, with the sugar schedule as it stands."

Representative Meyer of Louisiana, said: "The sugar rates are not what we had hoped for, yet they are much better than the house rates that I think the disposition will be to compromise on them."

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

A Quiet and Uneventful Session—District of Columbia Matters.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The president transmitted some additional Hawaiian correspondence to the house yesterday. The senate bill to amend the act to establish the Smithsonian institution was passed.

The conference report on the urgent deficiency bill was presented by Mr. Ayres and agreed to.

A resolution of inquiry, calling on the secretary of the treasury for a report of all unsettled claims up to date against the Southern and Central Pacific railroads and their branches, for transportation service was adopted.

Mr. Richardson of Tennessee, from the joint commission on expenditures in the executive departments, called up the bill to refer the method of accounting and auditing in the customs department of the treasury. The bill which gives the office of auditor a stronger and assistant commissioner of customs. The discussion on the bill took a wide range and was participated in by Messrs. Bassett, Henderson,

Sophourn, Cannon and Dickey. The bill was passed.

The house then went into committee of the whole for the consideration of the District of Columbia bill.

After being in debate the committee adjourned and at 4:35 the house adjourned.

THE BLUEFIELDS INCIDENT.

President Preparing for a Vigorous Assertion of American Rights.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The president has turned over to the secretary of state the preparation of an answer to the Morgan resolution calling for information relative to the landing of British troops at Bluefields, Nicaragua. The matter is already under way, and when the answer is complete it will be submitted to the president and carefully considered by himself and Secretary Graham.

No additional advice from Nicaragua have been given out by the state department, but there is reason to believe the president is preparing a vigorous and uncompromising assertion of the rights of the United States in Central America, and that the correspondence will contain matter of later date than the brief report from Minister Baker of the landing of the British troops.

MARINE CORPS APPOINTMENTS.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Senator Manderson has introduced a bill to regulate appointments and promotions in the marine corps. It provides that the adjutant and inspector, the paymaster and the quartermaster of the corps, after thirty-five years service shall have the rank of lieutenant colonel, and after forty-five years service, when retired, the rank and pay of retired colonel. Appointments to fill vacancies in the office of adjutant and inspector and of paymaster shall be made by selecting from the line officers on the active list who have served twenty years or more.

Presbyterian Sabbath School Missions.
CHICAGO, March 9.—The Presbyterian Sabbath school mission conference was held at the Church of the Covenant last night. The session opened with devotional exercises by the Rev. G. S. Phillips of Kansas. Other speakers were the Rev. G. B. Albertson of Oklahoma, the Rev. Hagan of Iowa and Mrs. Bain who delivered a long address in regard to the decision of the supreme court of Wisconsin in ruling the Bible out of public schools.

Hazing Made a Criminal Offense.
ALBANY, N. Y., March 9.—The senate committee on judiciary, without a dissenting vote, has agreed to report out Senator Coggeshall's bill defining hazing as a criminal offense.

Kearny Contract Awarded.
BOSTON, March 9.—The contract for raising the wrecked United States steamship Kearny has been awarded to the Boston Towboat company, of this city.

Killed by an Explosion.
WILKES-BARRE, Pa., March 9.—The boiler of a locomotive on the Lehigh Valley exploded at Levy, killing three men.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

In Whatcom, Wash., the jury in the trial of P. M. Benz, the ex-city treasurer, charged with embezzlement of \$60,000 of the city's money, returned a verdict of guilty.

About 700 drivers in the employ of the New York street cleaning department are out on strike by order of the executive committee of the Drivers and Haulers' union.

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ENDED AT LAST.

Dan Coughlin Found Not Guilty of Murder.

The Jury Was Out Just Eight Hours.

SHOUTS OF DELIGHT

Greeted the Announcement in the Court Room.

CHICAGO, March 9.—The happiest man on earth at 8:35 o'clock last night was Daniel Coughlin. When the clerk read out the words: "We, the jury, find the defendant, Daniel Coughlin, not guilty," a warm flush went over his face, which before had been of deadly white. He half rose in his chair and was the next instant pushed back by Attorney David, the law partner of Mr. Donahoe, who has so stoutly defended him throughout the long trial. Then it was a push that almost threw the happy man off his feet. Newspaper men, old-time friends of the prisoner before his troubles, came upon him in a body and nearly wrung his hand off. "It's all right, boys, all right," gasped Coughlin, as he reached for three or four hands at once. "It's all right, boys, I won't forget you. You treated me all right."

Then the prisoner worked his way up to the jury box and shook hands with as many of the men as he could reach, but the crowd was too much for him, and yelling and cheering to show his delight, it pushed him away from the box. He gave up the effort to greet the men who had given him freedom, and in company with the bailiffs started to leave the room, passing behind Judge Tuthill's chair. Just as he was directly behind the judge, a cry of "Make way there; open up a passage; make way" was heard, and two stalwart bailiffs pushed through the crowd and close behind them, her hat awry, her veil half up, and gasping with sobs that choked her, came Mrs. Coughlin. Dan was striding to liberty as though he were seven-league boots.

"Dan, come back, here's your wife," called fifty voices, and Coughlin retraced his steps. Just at the foot of the little flight of stairs leading up to the judge's room, he met his wife. The woman gave an incoherent cry, her arms went up, fastened themselves around her husband's neck, and then she gave way utterly. She only said "Dan, O, Dan," but nowhere, not even in Dan Coughlin's heart, was there such joy as in the bosom of the little woman who was clasped tight against her husband's heart and felt his heart again. Coughlin bent his big blonde head until his moustache swept her cheek, and then the two rocked to and fro until the woman was able to stifle her emotion and then she was lead away by Coughlin's father, who was happy enough to dance a jig.

Attorney Donald Donahoe, who had, with ex-Judge Wing, defended the prisoner, was the recipient of a shower of congratulations from friends and fellow attorneys. "It is just as expected," he said.

Neither Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Bottom nor Associate Prosecutor Scanlan would express an opinion as to the verdict. "It was a surprise," they both asserted, but further than that they declined to talk to interviewers. The jurors refused to talk with reporters.

The jury was out just eight hours. The verdict was not expected so soon, and created a great surprise, as a disagreement was almost believed to be certain.

SOONER Question Decided.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., March 9.—A decision of the "sooner" question just resolved from the general land offices causes consternation among thousands of claim-holders in Oklahoma and the Cherokee strip. The decision is in a Payne county contest, and is that the man who crossed the country prior to the opening, and even though he did not select a claim nor pass over the claim he afterward took, the fact of his crossing any portion of the land made him a "sooner" and he consequently loses his rights to a homestead.

John Chapman Is Deported.

LOS ANGELES, Calif., March 9.—Official figures show that only 3,000 of the 12,000 Chinese in the Seventh district, embracing Los Angeles, Ventura, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara and Orange counties, have registered up to date under the McCrary act. Applications for registration are now coming in at the rate of 100 per day.

Kansas City Republican Ticket.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 9.—At the Republican primaries yesterday for city officers, the following ticket was nominated: For mayor, Webster Davis; for treasurer, John J. Green; for auditor, John G. Bishop; for police judge, James M. Jones; for city attorney, Charles E. Burnham.

Steamer Parts on Fire.

LONDON, March 9.—There was a fire yesterday afternoon on the American liner steamer Paris which is lying in the repairing dock in Birkenhead. The damage to the interior of the vessel, including the saloon, is roughly estimated at nearly \$100,000.

Gov. Lewelling Visits Governor Jackson.

DES MOINES, Iowa, March 9.—Governor Lewelling and party of Kansas arrived in Des Moines yesterday and visited Governor Jackson and the legislature. They are here to visit the state institutions to get ideas for use in Kansas.

The ordinance department is meeting with gratifying success in procuring large armor-piercing shells of American production that rival the best of the foreign mills. Two deck-piercing shells for the new twelve-inch mortars, weighing about 1,000 pounds each, have been sent to the proving ground.

The headquarters of Associated Charities is in the Nasatorium building, on East 10th street. All applicants for aid should be referred to Mr. Eldridge, our secretary, who will be found there.

BENJAMIN L. SMITH,
President Associated Charities

S. BARNUM & CO.

617-619 KANSAS AVE.

DRESS GOODS

WILL

BE CHEAP THIS

WEEK.



THE GREATEST
OFFERING
YET MADE IN THIS
LINE.

At these prices we include, without charge, Waist and Skirt Lining, Cotton and Silk Threads, Canvass, Hooks and Eyes and Stays.

ONE CHOICE AT

\$4.68

SECOND CHOICE AT

\$2.68

Comprises a beautiful line of all Wool Serges, all Wool Henrietta, De Beiges, Shepherd's Plaids, Camel Hair Suitings, and a line of the newest and most attractive novelties for the spring season. Not one of these patterns worth less than \$6. \$6.50 or \$7. WITHOUT ANY TRIMMINGS.

Includes the entire line of new SPRING SHADES in English Henrietta Cloths and Columbian Serges, Chameline Suitings and a large variety of Novelties that are of this season's manufacture: reproductions of some of the most expensive Dress Goods.

The regular price of these patterns would be \$3.50, \$3.75 and \$4.00 without ANY trimmings whatever.

It would certainly be out of the question to make a Dress Goods offering any better than this.

MUSLINS AND SHEETINGS AT THESE PRICES FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

8-4 Unbleached Sheetings 15c, former price 20c.

9-4 Unbleached Sheetings 17c, former price 22c.

10-4 Unbleached Sheetings 19c, former price 25c.

8-4 Bleached Sheetings 17c, reduced from 22c.

9-4 Bleached Sheetings 19c, reduced from 25c.

10-4 Bleached Sheetings 21c, reduced from 30c.

5,000 yards yard-wide Bleached Muslin, almost equal to Fruit or Lonsdale, 64c.

3,000 yards yard-wide Unbleached Muslin, "Sea Island Cotton," 4c, worth 64c.

Four thousand yards Best Quality New Styles Shirting Prints, this week 44c.

First lot of New Spring Capes have come by express. They are the very newest in design and trimmings, and prices are exceedingly moderate. Ready for your inspection now.